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Report from Habana—Inspection of vessels—Yellow fever—Dengue fever during January, 1906.

Passed Assistant Surgeon von Ezdorf reports, February 19, as follows:

Week ended February 17, 1906:

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued.	36
Crew of outgoing vessels inspected.	1.309
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.	1,330
Vessels fumigated prior to sailing	8
Health certificates issued for New Orleans, Mobile, and Florida	1,091

One new case of yellow fever was reported during the week. This case occurred in a Spanish boy aged 16 years; residence in Cuba two months; taken sick February 7; reported February 10; diagnosed yellow fever February 11.

The January report of infectious diseases shows that 43 cases of dengue remained under treatment at the end of the month.

Report from Matanzas—Inspection and precautionary detention of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, February 19, as follows: During the week ended February 17, 1906, bills of health were granted to 8 vessels leaving this harbor for United States ports. The American steamship *Niagara* bound from Tampico, Mexico, to New York, via Habana and Matanzas, was held in precautionary quarantine while in this port. No sickness appeared on board up to February 14, when she left for her port of destination.

No quarantinable diseases were reported in either the city or province.

Report from Santiago—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, February 10, as follows: Week ended February 10, 1906. Bills of health issued to 4 vessels bound for the United States.

No quarantinable disease reported.

ECUADOR.

Report from Guayaquil—Inspection of vessels—Smallpox and yellow fever.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Lloyd reports February 8, as follows: Week ended February 4, 1906. Estimated population, 60,000; deaths from all causes, 67, including 9 from yellow fever and 5 from smallpox. The situation in Chilean and Peruvian ports is unchanged.

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin-No further cases of cholera in Russia.

Consul-General Thackera reports, February 9, as follows: No further cases of cholera occurred in the government district of Lomza during the period from January 15 to 22.